



# C# Software Development Kit

How to Use StarIO in C#

Thermal Line Mode Printing

This SDK contains a C# Visual Studio 2008 project for use on Microsoft Windows 7, 8, 8.1 & 10. Modern UI and Windows RT are not supported.

<p>Works with these Printer Model Series:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FVP10 (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> <li>HSP7000 (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> <li>TSP650 (Ver.2.0 or later)</li> <li>TSP650II (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> <li>TSP700II (Ver.2.0 or later)</li> <li>TSP800II (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> <li>TUP500 (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> <li>TUP900 (Ver.1.2 or later)</li> <li>SP700 (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> <li>POP10 (Ver1.0 or later)</li> </ul> <p>Works with these DK-AirCash Model Series:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SAC10 (Ver.1.0 or later)</li> </ul>	<p>Supported Interfaces:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Serial</li> <li>Parallel</li> <li>USB</li> <li>Ethernet</li> <li>Bluetooth</li> </ul> <p>Functions Include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Print Sample Receipt (EN and JP)</li> <li>1D Barcodes, Code93 &amp; I2of5</li> <li>2D Barcodes, QR Code &amp; PDF417</li> <li>Drawer Kick</li> <li>Check Block (ETB)</li> <li>Text Formatting</li> <li>Getting Status</li> <li>DK-AirCash</li> <li>Read Barcodes</li> </ul>
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Requirements: Visual Studio 2008 or later and .NET Framework 2.0 or later.

NOTE:

- This sample project contains StarIO components from StarIO Version 2.2.1.0. Details of StarIO(Restrictions, Precautions) are found in the manuals located here:  
 English : <..\StarIO\_help\en\StarIO\index.htm>  
 Japanese : <..\StarIO\_help\ja\StarIO\index.htm>
- This sample project provides source code which tells how to use StarIO components. Executable for 32/64-bit can be built by this project.
- Executable files for 64-bit cannot be executed in a 32-bit environment.
- When you open this project, execute Visual Studio as an administrator before opening the sln file. You can achieve this by right-clicking on the Visual Studio 2008 icon and clicking "Run as administrator" in the menu displayed.

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## About this Manual

This manual is designed to help you understand StarIO and how to build a C# application to interact with Star Micronics Thermal Line Mode Printers. It is important to understand the basics of the C# language and the .NET framework. Although this SDK is for the programming language C#, there are other SDKs available at our website in the Developers section. Check the Developers section of our site for the newest SDKs, technical documentation, FAQs, and much more additional resources.

### Key Legend:

<i>Warning</i>		Explains potential issues
<i>Avoid Doing This</i>		Explains things not to do
<i>Note</i>		Provides important information and tips

### CAUTION:

- The information in this manual is subject to change without notice.
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## Star Printer Compatibility Chart

Star Printer	SampleReceipt	SampleReceipt (Error Recovery)	Check Block - ETB	Monitoring Status	Open Cash Drawer	1D Barcodes	2D Barcodes	Code Page	Font	Feed	Text Formatting	DK-AirCash	Read Barcodes
FVP10	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
TSP650	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		
TSP650II	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
TSP700II	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
TSP800II	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
TUP500	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
TUP900	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ *1	✓		✓	✓		
SP700	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	*2	✓	✓		
HSP7000	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
SAC10				✓	✓							✓	
POP10	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

\*1 QR Code is not supported. PDF417 is available from F/W ver.3.1 or later.

\*2 Sample code of this SDK is for Thermal Printer command.

When use SP700, please refer "Star Impact Printer Command Specifications".

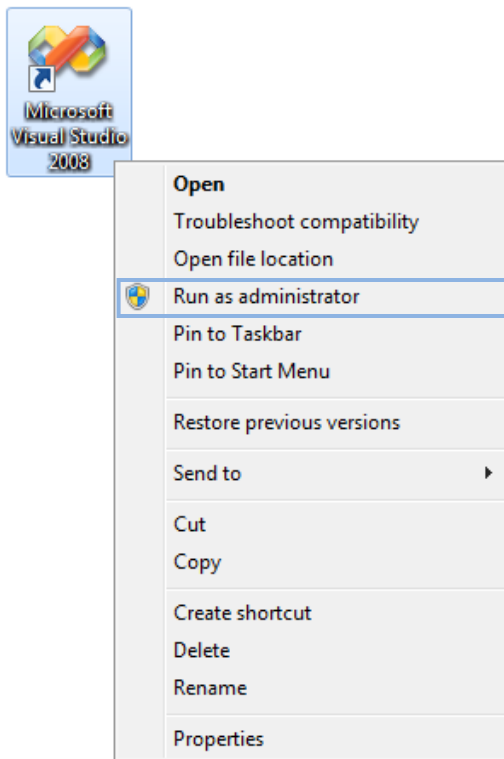
## How to compile and run the C# SDK

This section will explain:

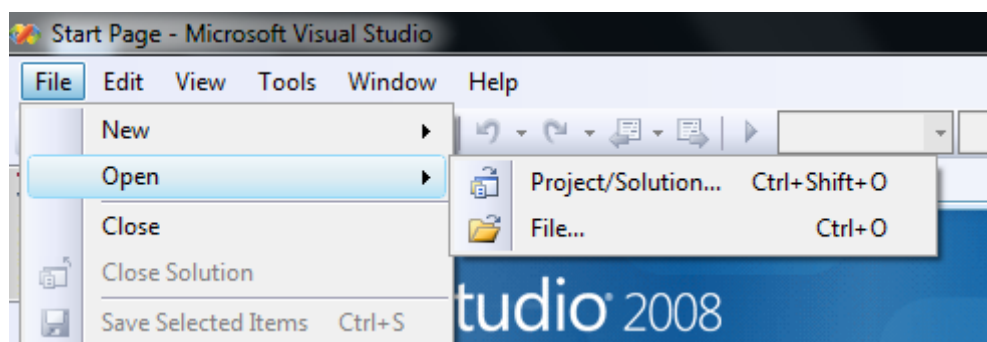
1. How to open the Visual Studio 2008 C# SDK project.
2. Compiling the project.
3. Running the project.

How to open the Visual Studio 2008 C# SDK project:

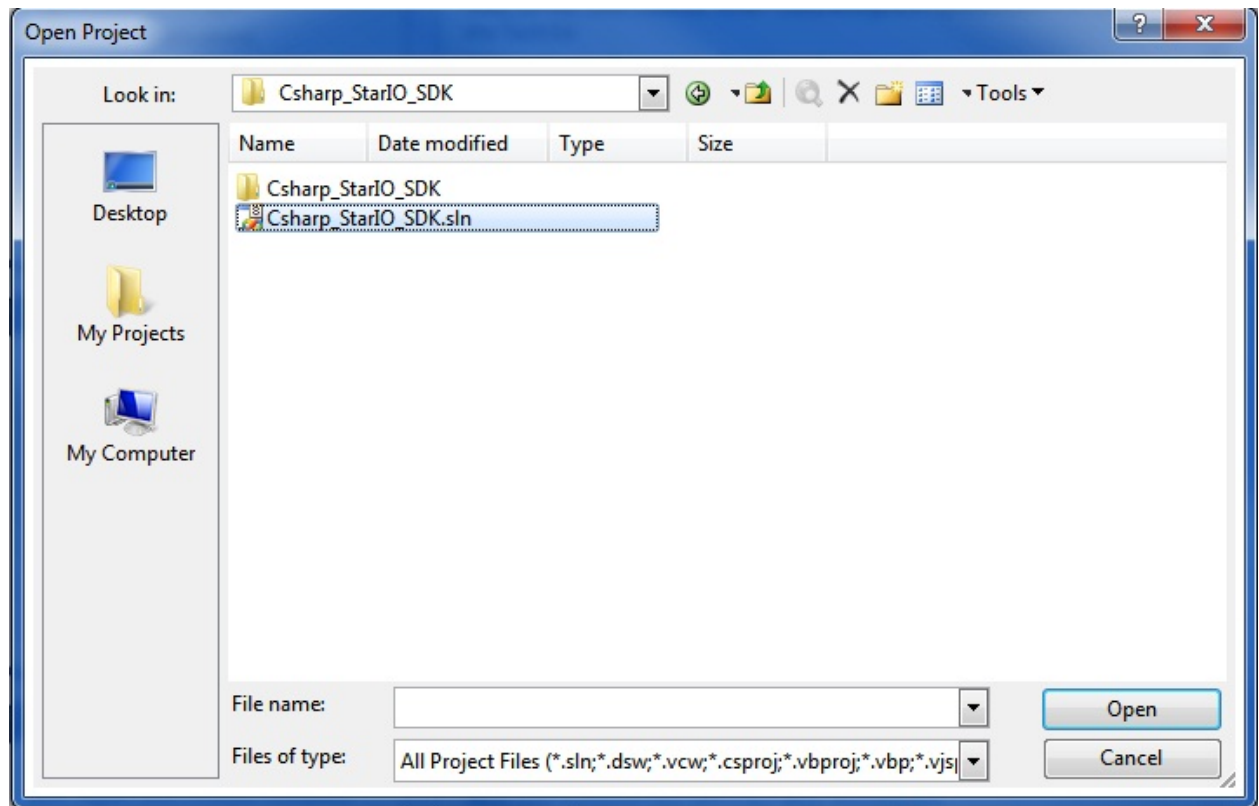
Right click on Visual Studio 2008 icon and click “Run as administrator”.



Once Visual Studio is running, click on File->Open->Project/Solution...

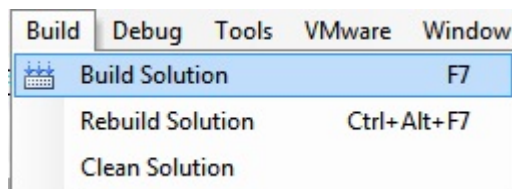


Navigate to the C# SDK folder titled “Csharp\_StarIO\_SDK” and click on the “sln” file titled “Csharp\_StarIO\_SDK.sln” to open the SDK project.



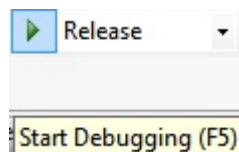
### Compiling the project:

Click on the menu item “Build” and then click “Build Solution” or hit F7



### Running the project:

Click on the green arrow to “Start Debugging” or hit F5



## Using the SDK with Star Micronics Printers

Please make sure you have a compatible Star Micronics thermal line mode printer model.

### Port Name and Interface Relation:

StarIO uses specific port names to identify what port will be used. These are very important to understand because not following the naming convention correctly will fail to communicate with the printer.

Interface	Port Name	Port Settings
Serial	COMn	9600,n,8,1,h
Parallel	LPTn	N/A
USB (Vendor Class)	usbven:	N/A
USB (Printer Class)	usbprn:"Queue Name"	N/A
Ethernet (TCP/IP)	tcp:"IP Address"	N/A
Bluetooth	BT: COMn	N/A



If using **USB** interface and the printer is in **printer class mode**, once you install the printer drivers, you will have a queue name for the printer.

If Printer Queue Name = Star TSP700II (TSP743II)

Then we would put "**usbprn:Star TSP700II (TSP743II)**" as the Port Name.

If using **USB** interface and the printer is in **vendor class mode**, a Port number is not required. Just put "usbven:" as the Port Name.

"LPTn" n = your port number (1, 2, 3, 4 etc)

"COMn" n = your port number (1, 2, 3, 4 etc)

"tcp:192.168.222.244" Enter TCP IP Address of the Ethernet device.

"BT:COMn" n = your Bluetooth virtual serial port number (1, 2, 3, 4 etc)



## Overview of how the C# SDK is designed

This overview will touch briefly on key components of the SDK and how to find them.

Focus on the file “SMForm.cs” which contains all the business logic and StarIO commands.

The project has a DLL file called StarIOPort.dll which is a library for StarIO commands and communication with the printer that can be used with any C# application. Include this file into your application in order to expose StarIO and its methods to your program.

If you wish to find out what command is being issued when clicking on a function button of the SDK, simply double click the file in the file named SMForm.cs in the Solution Explorer. This will show you the general user interface of the C# SDK application. You can then double click on any button to find out what function is attached to that button. Once you double click it, Visual Studio 2008 will automatically jump to the function that is called when clicking that particular button.

Look through the code for comments and you will see how easily it is broken down step by step for you. Almost all functions in this SDK have comments above to explain what the function and code is doing.

The file “codePage.cs” is a Code Page Class that holds an array of strings which contain code pages compatible with Star Micronics Printers. The main form “SMForm” uses this class to determine the code pages on your computer are compatible with code pages available on the printer. If code pages do not exist on your computer that the printer supports, it will not be added to the code page combo box. Currently only SBCS Code Page is covered in this SDK.

There is a function called printToPrinter in “SMForm.cs” which is a great example on how to print to Star Micronics Printers. Start here if you just want to know how to open the port, write to the port, and close the port.

A sample receipt is also included in the file “SMForm.cs”. A sample receipt is also included in the file “SMForm.cs”, “SampleReceipt\_Thermal\_Form.cs” and “SampleReceipt\_DotMatrix\_Form.cs”. This is a great start to learning the basic StarIO commands, text formatting, and more.

The function timerGetStatus\_Tick contains sample code on how to read status from a Star Micronics Printer. Review this code block to see how to get status through StarIO.

The file “lang.cs” is for future translations of this SDK, disregard this file.

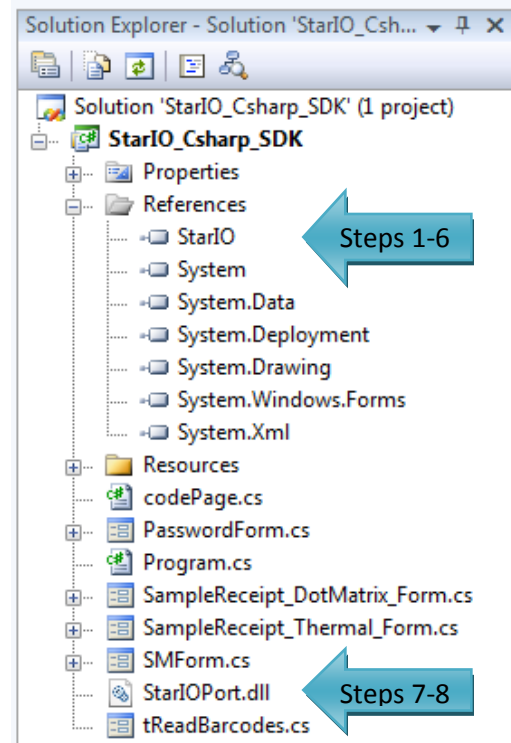
## StarIO - (StarIOPort.dll & StarIO.dll)

### How to include StarIO into your project:

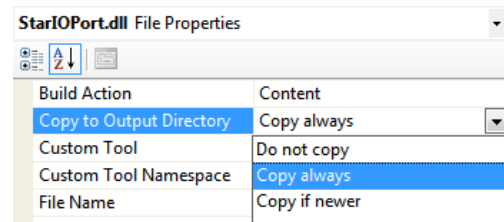
The file StarIOPort.dll is a dynamically linking library that you can include into your C# projects to expose StarIO methods. The file StarIO.dll is a .NET wrapper for StarIOPort.dll.

To include this DLL into your project:

1. Right-Click on the Project in Solution Explorer
2. Choose Add Reference
3. Click the “Browse” tab
4. Click the “Dependencies” folder attached with this SDK and select the folder “x86” or “x64” based on your target platform.
5. Click add existing item, then “StarIO.dll”
6. In the Solution Explorer, select StarIO under references. Set the Copy to Output - Property of StarIO.dll to Copy always.
7. StarIOPort.dll should reside in the same folder as StarIO.dll to work. To make sure your project copies the DLLs to your output debug folder, right click on the project name again and select “Add” -> “Existing Item...” then select show all files and select StarIOPort.dll
8. To ensure output debug directory is coping the DLL when you build, click on the item for StarIOPort.dll and under properties, select “Copy to Output Directory” and set to copy always.
9. To expose StarIO, add  
`“using StarMicronics.StarIO;”`  
 at the top of your main code.
10. Now you can access all of StarIO’s methods!



*StarIO being used as a Reference*



*Set StarIOPort.dll to always copy*

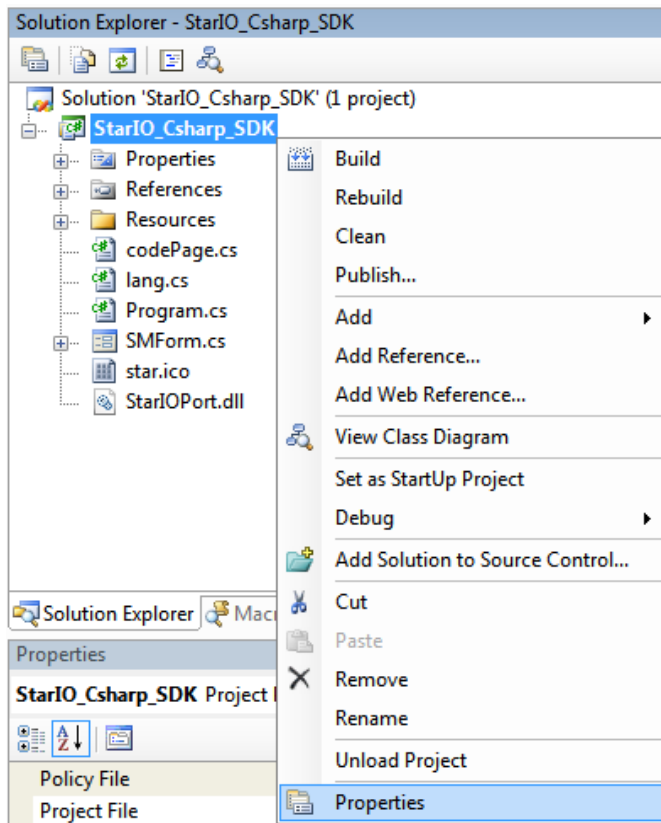


**WARNING:** Make sure StarIO.dll and StarIOPort.dll are in the same directory as each other. StarIO.dll links itself to StarIOPort.dll by looking in the same folder that the StarIO.dll is in.

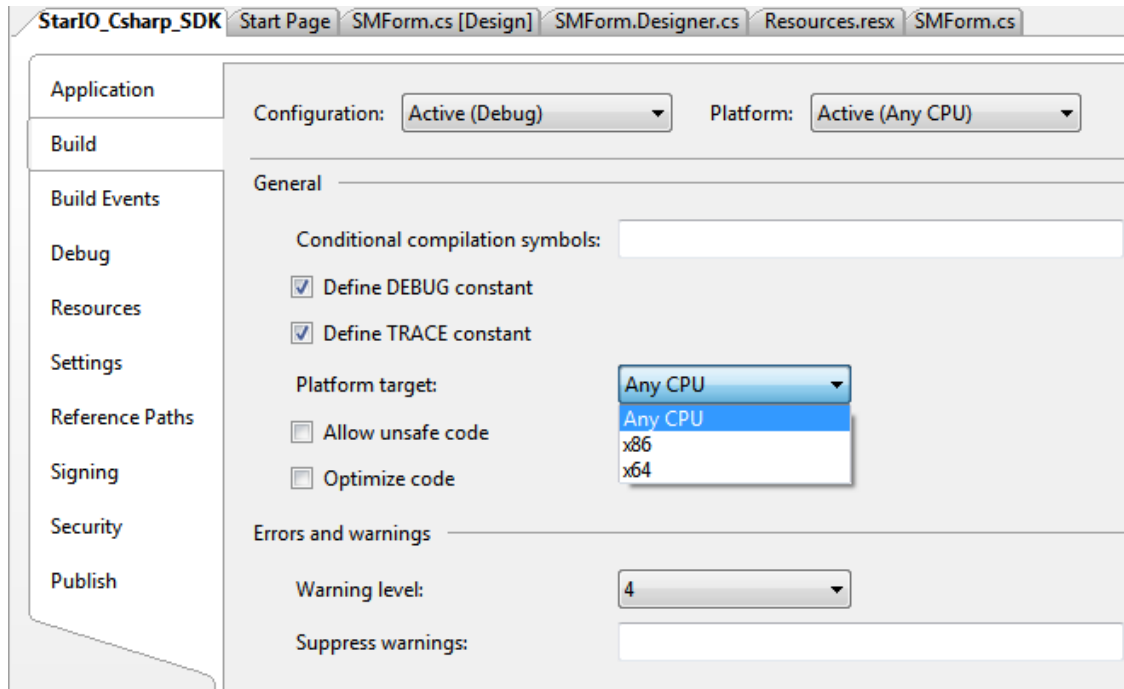
## Configuring your project to x64 or x86 with StarIO:

Compiling your project with the correct StarIOPort.DLL is very important to get the maximum speed from your CPU. Your main two choices are 32-bit and 64-bit Operating systems. C# uses Microsoft's CLR to translate your code into a functioning program and this comes in two flavors which is 32-bit & 64-bit. WoW64, which means **Windows 32-bit On Windows 64-bit**, allows you to make a 32-bit application with 32-bit binaries to run on either 32-bit or 64-bit. **We recommend setting your project to x86 to run on both 32 and 64 OS.** If you wish to make a 100% 64-bit project then use StarIO dlls under the folder "x64" for 64-bit libraries of StarIO.

1. Right Click on your C# project name and click Properties.



2. Click on the "Build" tab on the left and find "Target Platform".



3. Select the platform you wish to compile for (Any CPU, **x86(recommended)**, x64).
4. Now that you have selected your platform, you must add 32-bit or 64-bit StarIO DLL.



**WARNING:** If you set your project to “Any Cpu” and use 32-bit StarIO libraries, you will find that Windows x64 will not be able to run it. To fix this, setup your project as x86 and use only x86 StarIO which will run on both systems. If you are developing purely for the x64 environment, then set to x64 with x64 StarIO.

5. Once you have selected your target platform and saved your changes, follow the directions in [“How to include StarIO to your project”](#) on how to add a reference to StarIO 32-bit or 64-bit DLL binaries into your project with the corresponding library.

### StarIO Methods Overview:

**Class Variables** include portName (string), portSettings (string), and Timeout (int).



These 3 variables will be “read only” if accessed directly. To assign them use [GetPort\(portName,portSettings,Timeout\);](#) which will allow you to pass in variables to this methods which then assigns the 3 class variables with values.

**portName** is what you will be using to specify the port of communication to the printer.

*Ex. “usbven:” “usbprn:TSP650” “tcp:192.168.1.2” “COM4” “LPT1” “BT:COM3”*

**portSettings** is what you will use for configuring Serial connections correctly.

*Ex. “9600,n,8,1,h”*

The following are the acceptable inputs from left to right:

baud: 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400

parity: n, e, o

data-bits: 8, 7

stop-bits: 1

flow-ctrl: n, h

**Timeout** is a millisecond timeout controlled internally and is used for communication in the APIs (this parameter guarantees that all of the below APIs will complete in a bounded amount of time, but does NOT guarantee the exact timeout length)

### GetPort

```
public static StarIOPort GetPort(String portName, String portSettings, Int TimeoutMillis)
    throws StarIOPortException
```

GetPort is what you will be using to “open” the port to the device. Using one of the valid inputs for portName and portSettings as mentioned previously before this, you can pass your connection string into the StarIO class so that it will correctly set its private variables.

The following would be an actual usage of GetPort in C#:

```
IPort port = null;

Try
{
    port = StarMicronics.StarIO.Factory.I.GetPort(portName, portSettings, 10000);
}
Catch(PortException)
{
    //There was an error opening the port
}
```

**IPort** is a part of StarIO and this will allow you to create a “port” handle. The above example shows the port being created and set to null then being assigned the actual port hook on the following line that contains GetPort.



Always use a **Try**, **Catch** when using **GetPort**. If the port cannot be opened because of connection problems, your program will crash unless you use a **Try**, **Catch** like the above example.

## ReadPort

```
public int ReadPort(Byte[] readBuffer, Int offset, Int size)
```

throws [StarIOException](#)

This method reads data from the device. Only use this if you really need to read raw bytes from the device.



**Do not use this method to try and read raw status.**

Use [GetOnlineStatus](#) or [GetParsedStatus](#) for getting status.

### Parameters:

`readbuffer` – A Byte Array buffer into which data is read.

`offset` - specifies where to begin writing data into the `readBuffer[]`

`size` – Total number of bytes to read.

### Returns:

The number of bytes that were actually read. Under some interface types, this function will succeed even when no data was read in. Your application should call this function a limited number of times until the expected data has been read in or until an application determined retry threshold has been reached.

### Throws:

[StarIOException](#) - when a communication failure occurs

## ReleasePort

```
public static void ReleasePort(StarIOPort port)
```

This function closes a connection to the port specified.

### Parameters:

`port` - [StarIOPort](#) type representing a previously initialized port.



Always release (close) ports that you get (open).

Leaving a port open will cause future calls to open the port to fail.

## WritePort

```
public int WritePort(Byte[] writeBuffer, Int offset, Int size)
```

throws StarIOPortException

This method writes data to the device. Use this to print to the printer, send commands to the DK-AirCash, etc. The following is an example of how to use this method:

*Please keep in mind this is the simplest way to send data to the device.*

*The C# SDK has code in printToPrinter that is more complex than this but that code block will show you how to verify data transmission to the device whereas this code is just dumping it:*

```
//Set a byte array to send to the device
//command = { A, B, C, D, Feed 3mm, Full Cut}
Byte[] command = {0x41, 0x42, 0x43, 0x44, 0x1B, 0x7A, 0x00, 0x1B, 0x64, 0x02};

UInt bytesWritten = 0;

Try
{
    While(command.Length > bytesWritten)
    {
        bytesWritten += port.WritePort(command, bytesWritten, (unit)command.Length - bytesWritten);
    }
}
Catch(PortException)
{
    //There was an error writing to the port
}
```

Remember to use a [Try](#), [Catch](#) for safe programming practices.

### Parameters:

`writeBuffer` - Contains the output data in a byte array.

`offset` - Specifies where to begin pulling data from writeBuffer .

`size` - Number of bytes to write.

### Returns:

The number of bytes that were actually written. Under some interface types, this function will succeed even when no data was written out. Your application should call this function a limited number of times until all the data has been written out or until an application determined retry threshold has been reached.

**Throws:**

`StarIOException` - when a communication failure occurs

**ETB****BeginCheckedBlock**

```
public StarPrinterStatus BeginCheckedBlock()
```

`throws StarIOException`

This method initiates a checked block printing operation and returns the device's detailed status.

**Returns:**

`StarPrinterStatus` structure giving the current device status - don't bother printing if the printer is offline

**Throws:**

`StarIOException` - when a communication failure occurs

**EndCheckedBlock**

```
public StarPrinterStatus EndCheckedBlock()
```

`throws StarIOException`

This method ends a checked block printing operation and returns the device's detailed status. This function does not return until either the printer has successfully printed all data or has gone offline in error. If the `StarPrinterStatus` structure indicates that the printer is online upon return then all data was successfully printed.

**Returns:**

`StarPrinterStatus` structure giving the current device status - if it's offline then printing failed

**Throws:**

`StarIOException` - when a communication failure occurs



Here is an **example** usage of **BeginCheckedBlock** and **EndCheckedBlock** methods:

```
Iport port;
StarPrinterStatus printerStatus;

// Port Open
Try
{
    port = Factory.I.GetPort(portName, portSettings, 10000);
}
Catch (PortException)
{
    //Fail: There was an error in opening the port
    return;
}

//Begin checked block
Try
{
    printerStatus = port.BeginCheckedBlock();
}
Catch (PortException)
{
    //Fail: Cannot begin checked block!
    Factory.I.ReleasePort(port);
    return;
}

//Check status
If (printerStatus.Offline == true)
{
    //Fail: The device is offline!
    Factory.I.ReleasePort(port);
    return;
}

Byte[] command = {0x41, 0x42, 0x43, 0x44, 0x0a};
UInt bytesWritten = 0;

//Send data
Try
{
    While(command.Length > bytesWritten)
    {
        bytesWritten += port.WritePort(command, bytesWritten, (unit)command.Length - bytesWritten);
    }
}
Catch(PortException){
```

```
        //Fail: There was an error writing to the port
    }

    // End checked block
    Try
    {
        printerStatus = port.EndCheckedBlock();
    }
    Catch (PortException)
    {
        //Fail: Cannot end checked block!
        Factory.I.ReleasePort(port);
        return;
    }

    If (this.sPrinterStatus.Offline == true)
    {
        //Fail: The device is offline!
        Factory.I.ReleasePort(port);
        return;
    }
    //Success! The print data was successfully sent.

    //Regardless, release the port if it is still open.
    If (port != null)
        Factory.I.ReleasePort(port);
}
```

## ResetDevice

```
public void ResetDevice()
```

throws `StarIOPortException`

This method resets the device at the hardware level.

### Throws:

`StarIOPortException` - when a communication failure occurs

## GetOnlineStatus

```
public boolean GetOnlineStatus()
```

throws `StarIOException`

This method returns a Boolean value if the device is online or offline.

### Returns:

Boolean value:      `true` = device is online      `false` = device is offline

### Throws:

`StarIOException` - when a communication failure occurs

An example of its usage:

```
Boolean onlineStatus = port.GetOnlineStatus();

If(onlineStatus){
    //Success! The device is online.
}
Else{
    //Fail! The device is offline.
}
```

## GetParsedStatus

```
public StarPrinterStatus GetParsedStatus ()
```

throws `StarIOException`

This method retrieves detailed status form the device with StarIO.

### Returns:

`StarPrinterStatus` structure giving the current device status

### Throws:

`StarIOException` - when a communication failure occurs

This method uses a class structure that is included with StarIO called `StarPrinterStatus`

This structure gives the printer's status in both boolean and binary form.

Create the [StarPrinterStatus](#) object in your project by doing the following:

```
StarPrinterStatus printerStatus = port.GetParsedStatus();

If(printerStatus.Offline == false)
{
    If(printerStatus.BlackMarkError == true){
        //There was a black mark error
    }

    If(printerStatus.CompulsionSwitch == true){
        //Cash drawer is open
    }
    Else{
        //Cash drawer is closed
    }
}
Else{
    //If True, then the printer is offline.
}
```

There are lots of different statuses that are pulled when you initialize [StarPrinterStatus](#).

**This is a list of statuses that are in the class structure [StarPrinterStatus](#):**

CoverOpen returns a [Boolean](#).

Offline returns a [Boolean](#).

CompulsionSwitch returns a [Boolean](#).

OverTemp returns a [Boolean](#).

UnrecoverableError returns a [Boolean](#).

CutterError returns a [Boolean](#).

MechanicalError returns a [Boolean](#).

HeadThermistorError returns a [Boolean](#).

ReceiveBufferOverflow returns a [Boolean](#).

PageModeCommadError returns a [Boolean](#).

BlackMarkError returns a [Boolean](#).

PresenterPaperJamError returns a [Boolean](#).

HeadUpError returns a [Boolean](#).

VoltageError returns a [Boolean](#).

ReceiptBlackMarkDetection returns a [Boolean](#).

ReceiptPaperEmpty returns a [Boolean](#).

ReceiptPaperNearEmptyInner returns a [Boolean](#).

ReceiptPaperNearEmptyOuter returns a [Boolean](#).

PresenterPaperPresent returns a [Boolean](#).

PeelerPaperPresent returns a [Boolean](#).

StackerFull returns a [Boolean](#).

slipTOF returns a [Boolean](#).

slipCOF returns a [Boolean](#).

slipBOF returns a [Boolean](#).

validationPaperPresent returns a [Boolean](#).

slipPaperPresent returns a [Boolean](#).

ETBAvailable returns a [Boolean](#).

ETBCounter returns a [Byte](#).

PresenterState returns a [Byte](#).

RawStatus returns a [Byte\[\]](#) array.

## Functionality

### StarIO Printer Commands

All of these commands can be found in the [Star Thermal Line Mode Command Manual](#) , [Star Impact Printer Command Manual](#) and [StarPRNT Command Manual](#).

The C# SDK also has page and section references to this document for more information so please download that manual and study it if you need more detail on a specific command.

### Sample Receipts

The screenshot shows a software interface for printer control. At the top, under 'Port Info:', there are two text input fields: 'Port Name:' containing 'usbven:' and 'Port Setting:'. Below these, a red rectangular box highlights two rows of buttons. The first row has the text 'Print Sample Receipt' followed by two buttons labeled 'Thermal' and 'Dot Matrix'. The second row has the text 'Print Sample Receipt (+Error Recovery)' followed by two buttons labeled 'Thermal' and 'Dot Matrix'.

### Print Sample Receipt

Prints an example in English or Japanese. Reference the Text Formatting section of this document for instructions on modifying text.

### Print Sample Receipt (+ Error Recovery)

Enables the printer to completely recover from a failed print job due to an error occurring in the middle of printing. For example, the paper runs out in the middle of printing a receipt. The cashier loads another roll of paper and reprints it. Depending on where the old print job was cut short due to paper out, the new receipt may begin in the middle of the old one. Star provides two commands, one to be inserted before the print job and one after, to avoid this issue. A graphic is included on the following page to illustrate this functionality.

Command A: (Add to the head of the receipt data)

```
ESC GS ETX EOT NUL NUL ESC GS ETX ETX NUL NUL
```

Command B: (Add to the bottom of the receipt data)

```
ESC GS ETX EOT NUL NUL
```

**Receipt with No Error Recovery**

This diagram shows a receipt for Star Clothing Boutique. It includes a header with the store name and address, a date and time stamp, and a table of items. A red arrow points to the 'SALE' line item, indicating that a 'Cover Open Error' stops printing mid-receipt. Another red arrow points to the 'Subtotal' line, indicating that the error is resolved (the printer cover is closed) and the old receipt begins printing again. A third red arrow points to the 'Total' line, indicating that a new receipt is sent to the printer, and the new receipt begins printing in the middle of a line from the old receipt.

**Receipt with Error Recovery**

**Command A Sent**

This diagram shows a receipt for Star Clothing Boutique. It includes a header with the store name and address, a date and time stamp, and a table of items. A red arrow points to the 'SALE' line item, indicating that a 'Cover Open Error' stops printing mid-receipt. Another red arrow points to the 'Subtotal' line, indicating that the error is resolved (the printer cover is closed) and the old receipt is cancelled. A third red arrow points to the 'Total' line, indicating that a new receipt is sent to the printer, and the new receipt is not combined with the old receipt.

**Command B Sent**

#### Important Notes about This Function:

##### 1. Text Formatting

Command A will release the effect of text formatting commands (ex: bold, underline). Text formatting commands must be added between Command A and Command B for all print data.

##### 2. In the following conditions, the printer will discard all data if Command A is not sent:

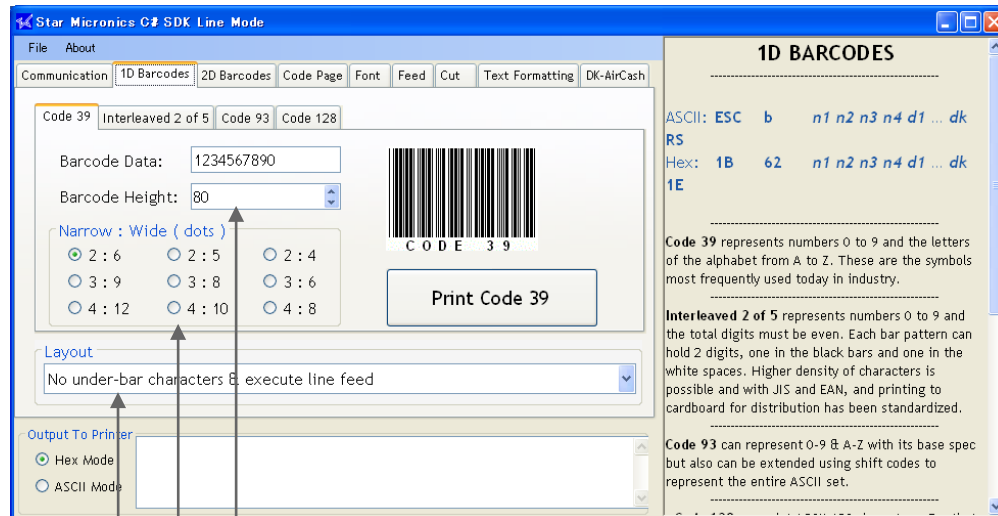
- i. Error occurs in sending print data with Command A
- ii. Within ten seconds after an error occurs

(continued from Print Sample Receipt + Error Recovery Notes section)

## 3. Supported printers and minimum firmware version required:

FVP10	Ver 1.2 or later
TSP650	Ver 3.0 or later
TSP650II	Ver 1.0 or later
TSP700II	Ver 3.0 or later
TSP800II	Ver 1.0 or later
TUP500	Ver 3.0 or later
SP700	Ver 3.0 or later

## 1D Barcodes



ESC b n1 n2 n3 n4 d1 ... dk RS

n1 = Barcode Type

0 = UPC-E

1 = UPC-A

2 = JAN/EAN8

3 = JAN/EAN13

4 = Code39

5 = ITF

6 = Code128

7 = Code93

8 = NW-7

n2 = Under-bar character selection and added line feed selection

1 = No added under-bar characters & Executes line feed after printing barcode

2 = Adds under-bar characters & Executes line feed after printing barcode

3 = No added under-bar characters & doesn't line feed after printing barcode

4 = Adds under-bar characters & doesn't line feed after printing barcode

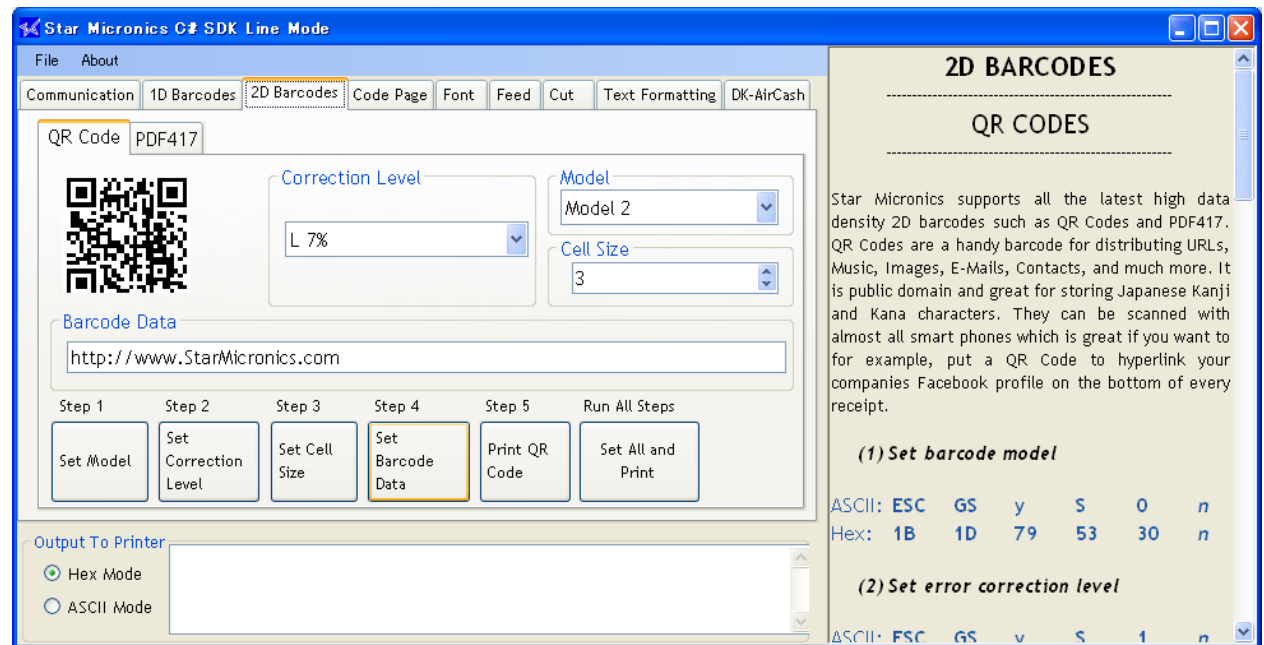
n3 = Barcode mode selection specifies the size of the narrow and wide barcode lines

n4 = Barcode height (dot count)



## 2D Barcodes

### QR Codes



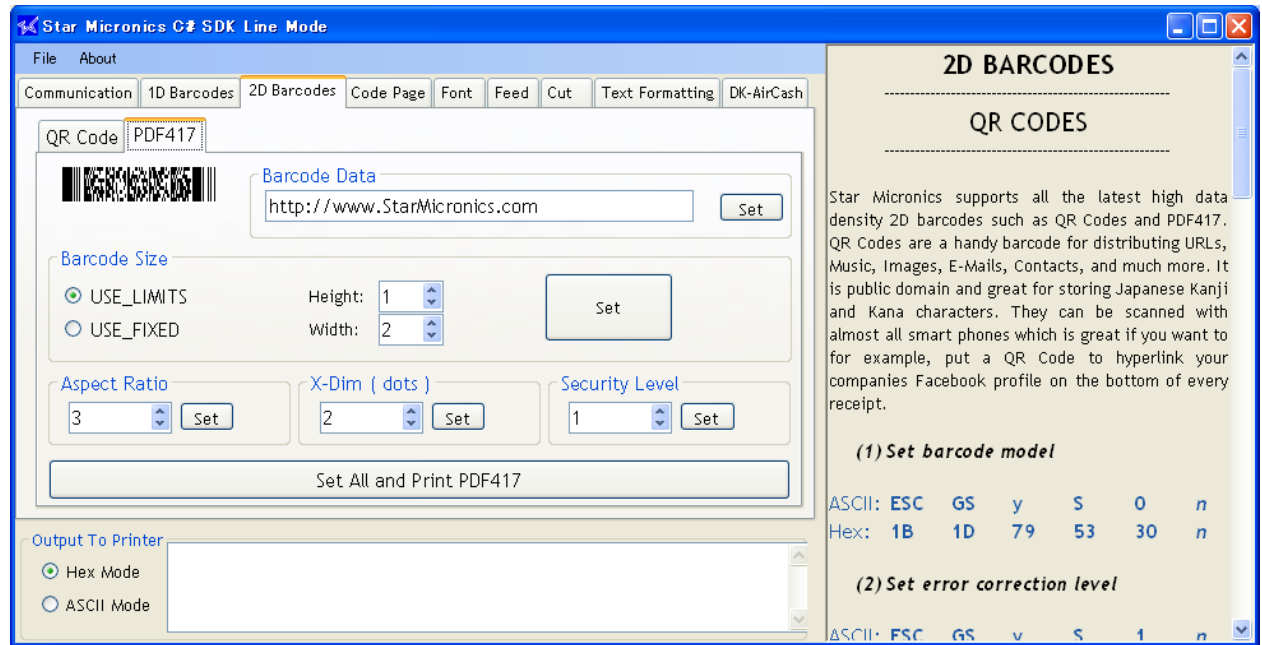
There are 5 commands below that are very important to printing a good QR code.

- |                                  |                                |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) Set QR Code Model #          | ESC GS y S 0 n                 |
| (2) Set QR Code Correction Level | ESC GS y S 1 n                 |
| (3) Set QR Code Cell Size        | ESC GS y S 2 n                 |
| (4) Set QR Code Data             | ESC GS y D 1 NUL nL nH d1...dk |
| (5) Print the QR Code            | ESC GS y P                     |

Here is the order in which commands need to be sent to the printer for it to print the QR code.

QR model + QR Correction Level + QR Cell Size + QR Data + Print QR Code

## PDF417



Please visit page 3-120 in the Line Mode Spec Manual for more details on PDF417

- |  |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| (6) Set PDF417 barcode size            | ESC GS x S 0 n p1 p2          |
| (7) Set PDF417 ECC (Security Level)    | ESC GS x S 1 n                |
| (8) Set PDF417 module X direction size | ESC GS x S 2 n                |
| (9) Set PDF417 module aspect ratio     | ESC GS x S 3 n                |
| (10) Set PDF417 barcode data           | ESC GS x D nL nH d1 d2 ... dk |
| (11) Print PDF417 barcode              | ESC GS x P                    |

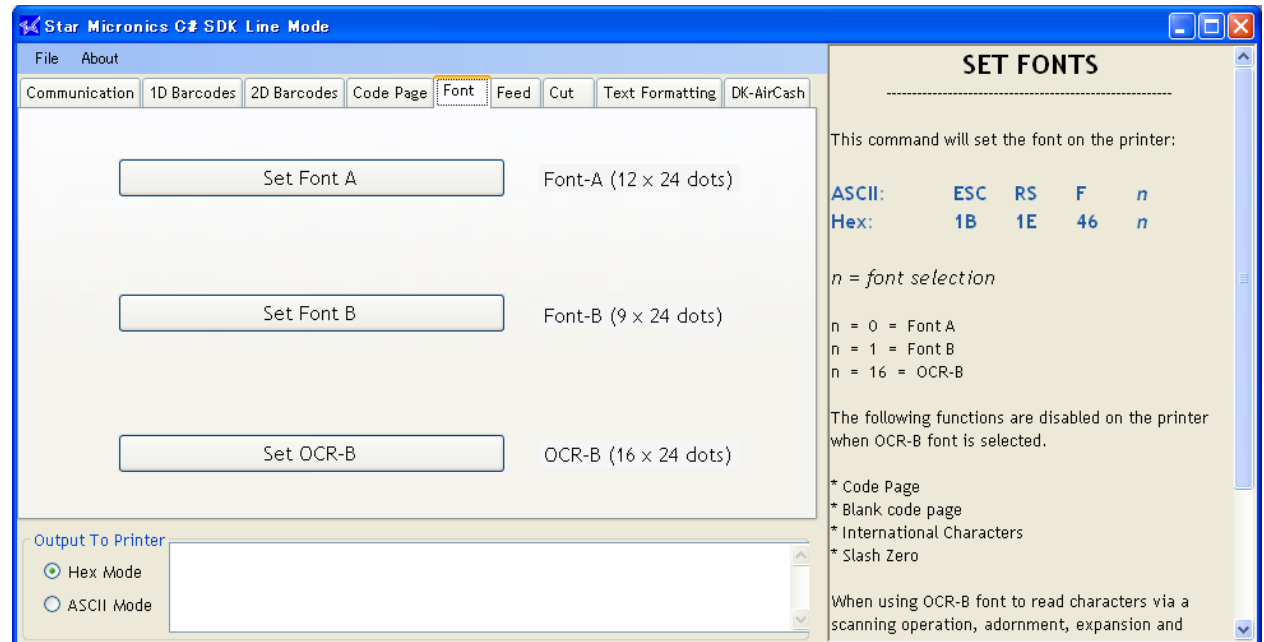
Here is the order in which commands need to be sent to the printer for it to print the PDF417.

PDF417 Size + PDF417 ECC + PDF417 X-dim + PDF417 Ratio + PDF417 Data + Print PDF417

## Change Font

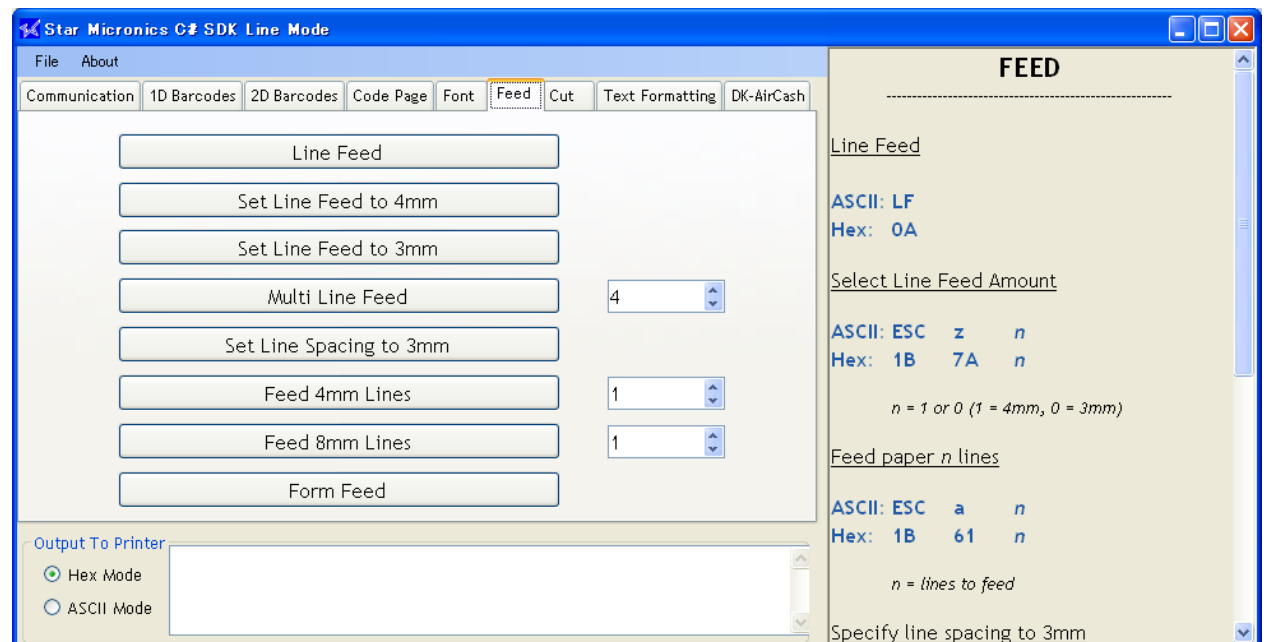
Changing the font on the printer can be done with the following commands.

ESC RS F *n*                      *n* = 0 for A, 1 for B, 10 for OCR-B

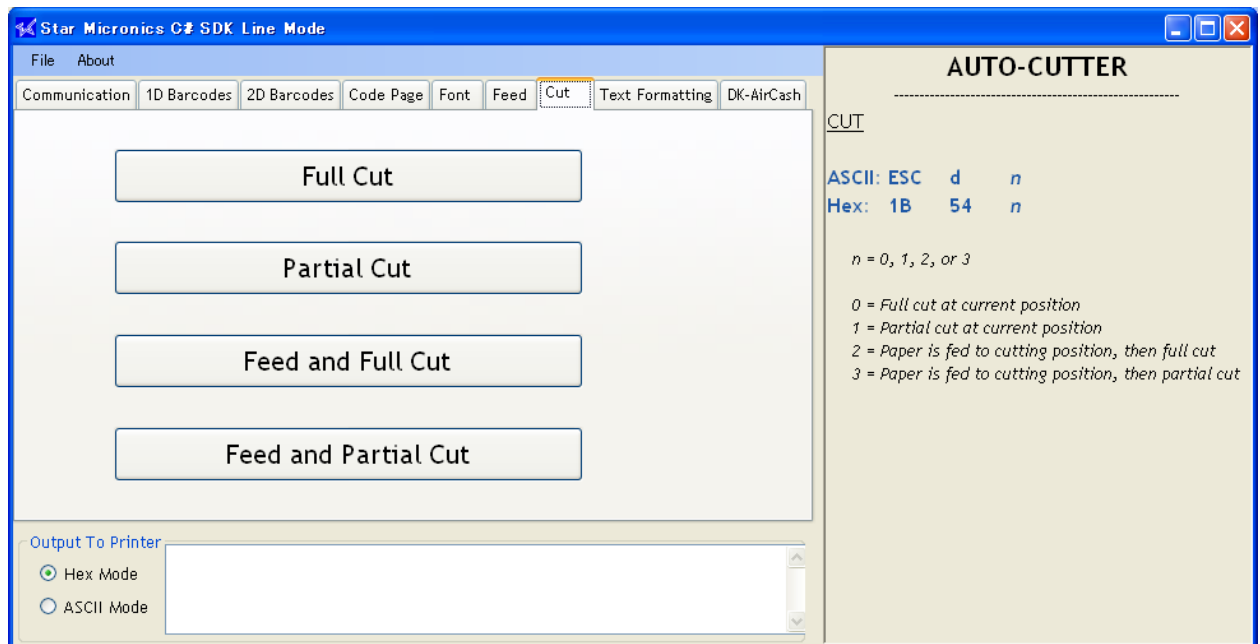


## Feed

The feed commands are very straight forward. Use LF for best results.



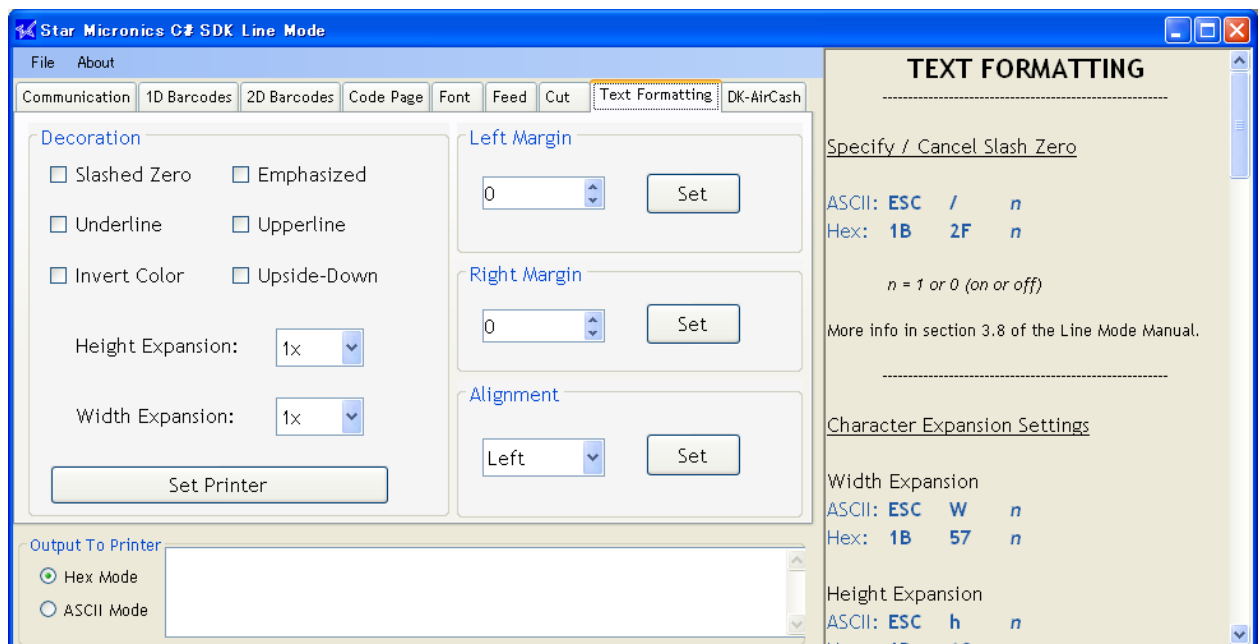
## Cut



Partial Cut                      ESC d 1 or 3

Full Cut                        ESC d 0 or 2

## Text Formatting



The following are all Text Decoration or formatting related.

Slashed Zero	ESC / n	
Underline	ESC - n	
Upperline	ESC _ n	
Invert Color (B/W)	ESC 4	
Emphasized (Bold)	ESC E = on	ESC F = off
Upside-Down	SI = Start	DC2 = off
Character expansion		
Width	ESC W n	$0 \leq n \leq 5$
Height	ESC h n	$0 \leq n \leq 5$
Set Left Margin	ESC l n	$0 \leq n \leq 255$
Set Right Margin	ESC Q n	$0 \leq n \leq 255$
Alignment		
Left	ESC GS a 0	
Center	ESC GS a 1	
Right	ESC GS a 2	

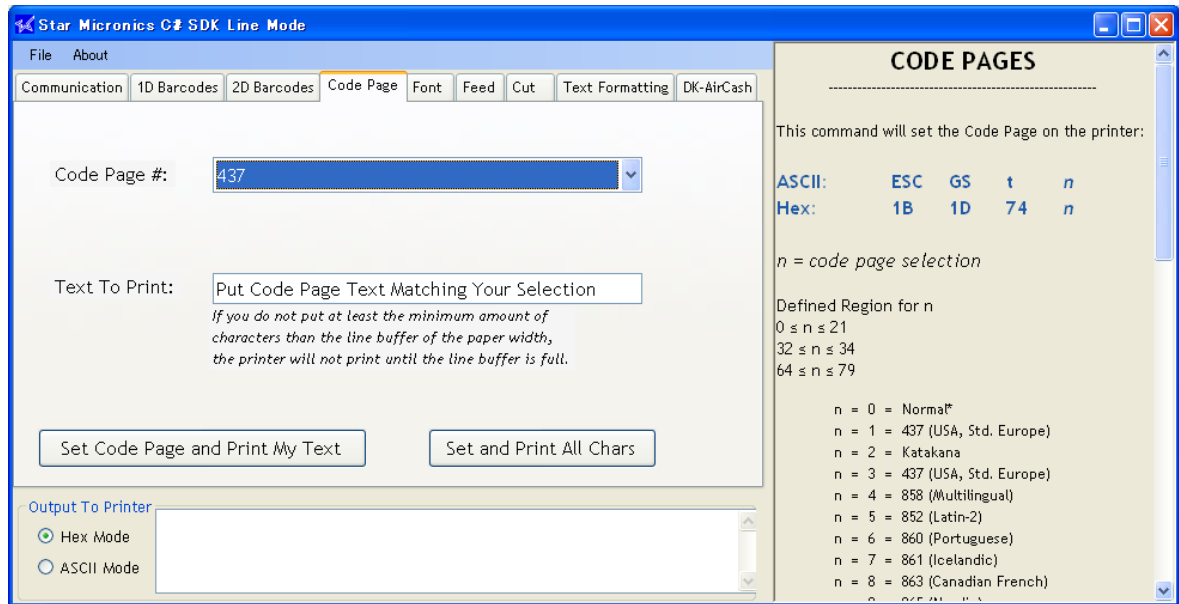
## Code Pages

The code pages supported by Star Printers can be found in the codePage.cs class but please be aware that not all code pages on the printer will be on your PC.

To set a code page on the printer:

ESC GS t n

n = The Code Page Selection Index



## Stored Logo Printing

Stored logo printing is done in the sample receipt. Please review that and the Thermal Line Mode Manual for more information.

ESC FS p 1 0

## Getting Online Status of the Printer

Visit the function code block called **printToPrinter** and there you will see the StarIO method **GetOnlineStatus** being used to retrieve a boolean value for online status.

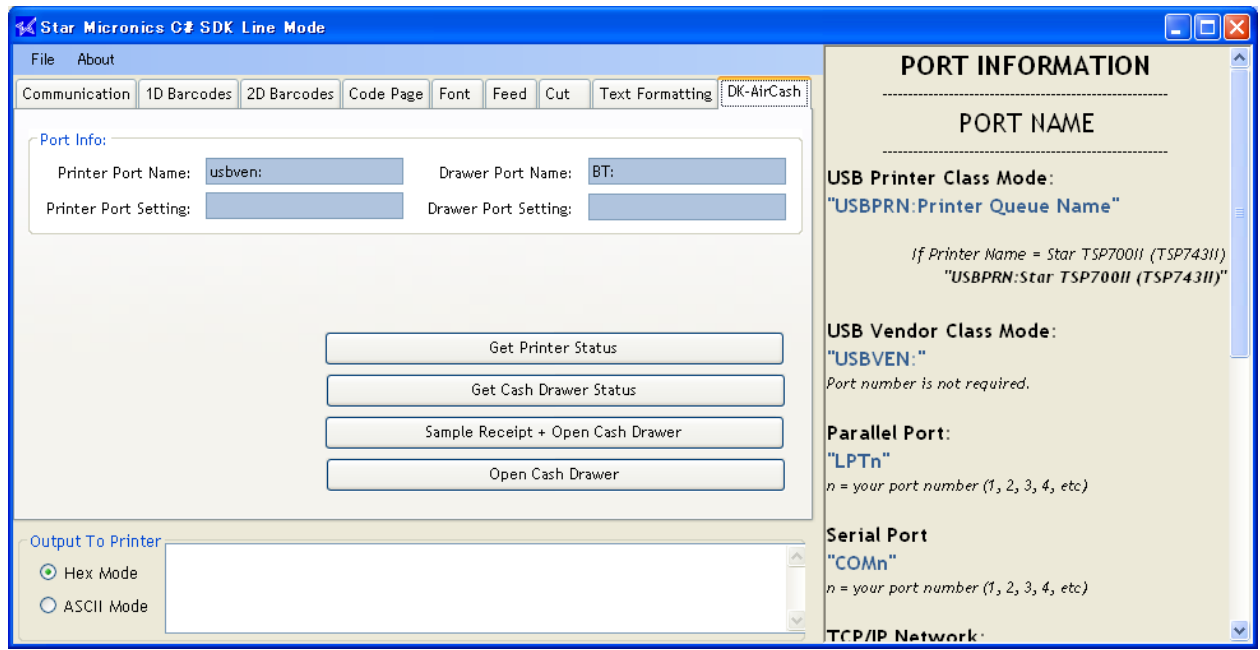
True = Online

False = Offline

## Getting Parsed Status of the Printer

Review the function code block called **timerGetStatus\_Tick** and there you will see the StarIO method **GetParsedStatus** being used to pull a struct down of all the potential status flags the printer can throw. [Click here for the full list of statuses.](#)

## DK-AirCash



### Get Printer Status /Get Cash Drawer Status

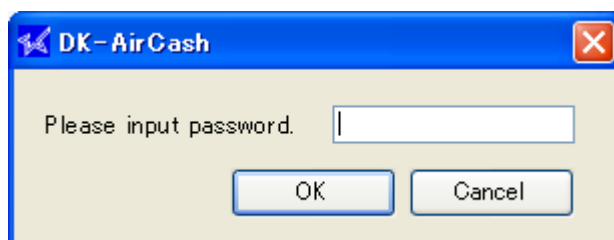
The status of the connected printer or cash drawer is displayed.

### Sample Receipt + Open Cash Drawer

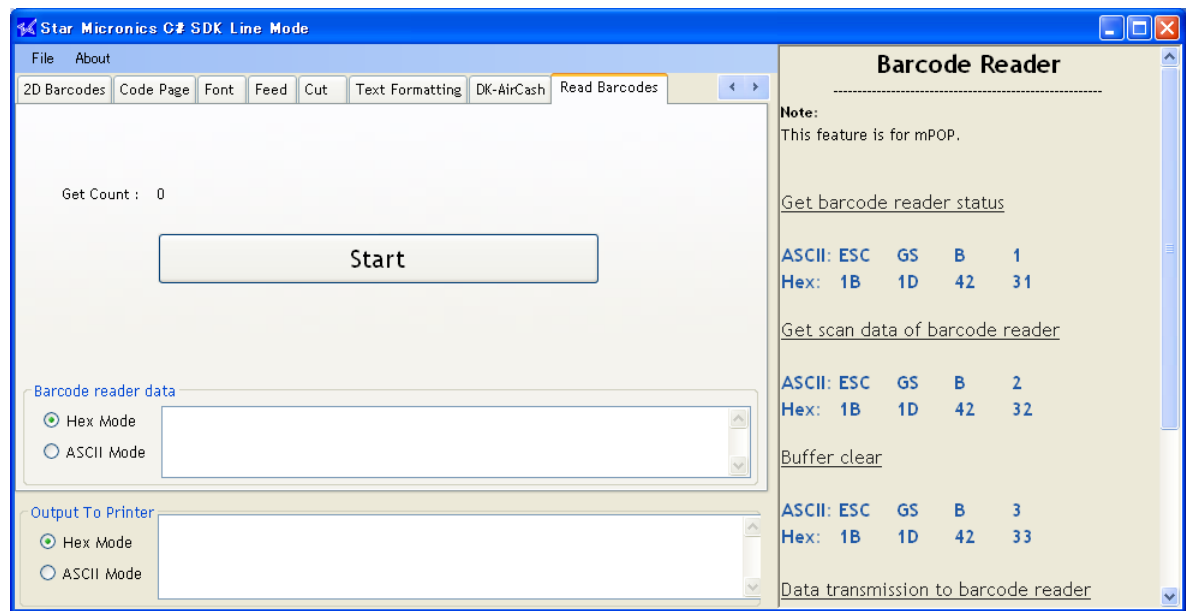
When a printer is connected, it prints a sample receipt and a cash drawer is opened if connected. A password is required to open the cash drawer. The default password is "1234"

### Open Cash Drawer

A cash drawer is opened if connected. A password is required to open the cash drawer. The default password is "1234".



## Read Barcodes



### Start

If “Start” is pressed when a printer can communicate with a barcode reader, it will change to “Stop” and update a value of Get Count.

The result of reading by the barcode reader is displayed in the “Barcode reader data” window.

### \*Note

In case of Bluetooth interface, the reading response of a barcode reader is dependent on the Timeout value specified by OpenPort.

If a quick response is needed, set the timeout value low after a sufficient verification.

### Status request

ESC GS B 1

### Barcode data request

ESC GS B 2

### Buffer clear

ESC GS B 3

### Send data to a barcode reader

ESC GS B 0 n1 n2 d1 ... dk  
 n = byte length  
 k = n1 + n2 \* 256



## Tips for App Development when using StarIO

Star Micronics prides itself as the industry leader in great POS products and with great power comes great responsibility. Below is a tips section just to help you get on the fast track to software development with StarIO.

**TIP #1:** If you are going to be coding a large project, create a class to abstract all the printing methods into class(s) instead of having the code reside in the main code block. This will help with code reusability and will also save you time in the long run from having to find one line of code in the main code. By having StarIO only reside in the class(s), you will be fully taking advantage of object oriented programming.

**TIP #2:** Know what the differences and definitions of (ASCII & Unicode), (Hex & Decimal), and (Byte & Char) are. A byte is normally 8-bits long which would be 8 digits of binary (1s and 0s). These bytes are just 8 bits of binary data but bytes can also be int or char. The three different variable types basically hold the data in the same way but there are slight differences. Try to code with Bytes instead of Chars, ints, or strings when choosing a variable to contain your print job data. ASCII to Unicode and vice versa conversions are sometimes unsecure so make sure you know what and how the encoding class works with these. Big mistakes made in Unicode are culture-sensitive search and casing, surrogate pairs, combining characters, and normalization which are answered [here](#).

**TIP #3:** HEX DUMP MODE! If you are debugging and your application seems to have a bug in it use hex dump mode on the printer. This is the best way to verify what is being sent out of the computer is being received correctly. To put the printer in hex dump mode, turn the printer off, open the cover to the paper, hold the feed button down, turn the printer back on, close the cover, let go of the feed button. Hex dump mode is a sure fire way to verify hex data is sent correctly. When in hex dump mode, printer functions will not work.

**TIP #4:** Do not waste time trying to reverse engineer StarIO command codes. All the available StarIO commands are available in the Thermal Line Mode Spec Manual and that is the best resource to use when researching a specific StarIO command. This SDK & Manual was built to help you (The Developer) have a very easy job ahead of you to program for Star Printers.

**TIP #5:** If there is a command that is not covered in this SDK but you wish to see a code snippet of that command in use then visit our Developers' section for a possible code block that matches your needs.

**TIP #6:** StarIO, ESC/POS, UPOS: JavaPOS, POS for .NET, & OPOS are all different ways to communicate with the printer. Visit our Developers' section for more info on these. This SDK covers StarIO only.

## Additional Resources

This section will share resources that will help you develop good software with StarIO.

### [Star Micronics Developers Network](#)

Browse Star Micronics' FAQs, ask a question, look up information, etc.

The Developers Network gets you access to:

- Updated Versions of this Manual and Source Code
- Getting Started Advice and Industry Information
- Star Micronics Printer Drivers
- Technical Questions/Support

### [Download the Star Thermal Line Mode Command Spec Manual](#)

### [Download the StarPRNT Command Specifications for mPOP](#)

### [Download the Star Impact Printer Command Spec Manual](#)

Use it as your reference for all StarIO Line Mode commands.

### [Character Encoding in the .NET Framework](#)

If you don't know what ASCII and Unicode is, this is a good place to start.

### [Microsoft .NET Internationalization](#)

Good resource for more detail on internationalization.

### [Visual C# Developer Center](#)

Great place to learn more about the C# language.

### [Unicode.org](#)

The Unicode Consortium - Good place to learn more about Unicode.

### [1D Barcodes](#)

Barcode Island is a great resource for specs on 1D barcodes.

### [2D Barcodes](#)

Great place for information on 2D Barcodes, [QR Codes](#), and [PDF417](#)

### [Code Pages](#)

Learn about Code Pages here.

## ASCII Table Resource

ASCII Hex Symbol	ASCII Hex Symbol	ASCII Hex Symbol	ASCII Hex Symbol
0 0 NUL	16 10 DLE	32 20 (space)	48 30 0
1 1 SOH	17 11 DC1	33 21 !	49 31 1
2 2 STX	18 12 DC2	34 22 "	50 32 2
3 3 ETX	19 13 DC3	35 23 #	51 33 3
4 4 EOT	20 14 DC4	36 24 \$	52 34 4
5 5 ENQ	21 15 NAK	37 25 %	53 35 5
6 6 ACK	22 16 SYN	38 26 &	54 36 6
7 7 BEL	23 17 ETB	39 27 '	55 37 7
8 8 BS	24 18 CAN	40 28 (	56 38 8
9 9 TAB	25 19 EM	41 29 )	57 39 9
10 A LF	26 1A SUB	42 2A *	58 3A :
11 B VT	27 1B ESC	43 2B +	59 3B ;
12 C FF	28 1C FS	44 2C ,	60 3C <
13 D CR	29 1D GS	45 2D -	61 3D =
14 E SO	30 1E RS	46 2E .	62 3E >
15 F SI	31 1F US	47 2F /	63 3F ?

ASCII Hex Symbol	ASCII Hex Symbol	ASCII Hex Symbol	ASCII Hex Symbol
64 40 @	80 50 P	96 60 `	112 70 p
65 41 A	81 51 Q	97 61 a	113 71 q
66 42 B	82 52 R	98 62 b	114 72 r
67 43 C	83 53 S	99 63 c	115 73 s
68 44 D	84 54 T	100 64 d	116 74 t
69 45 E	85 55 U	101 65 e	117 75 u
70 46 F	86 56 V	102 66 f	118 76 v
71 47 G	87 57 W	103 67 g	119 77 w
72 48 H	88 58 X	104 68 h	120 78 x
73 49 I	89 59 Y	105 69 i	121 79 y
74 4A J	90 5A Z	106 6A j	122 7A z
75 4B K	91 5B [	107 6B k	123 7B {
76 4C L	92 5C \	108 6C l	124 7C
77 4D M	93 5D ]	109 6D m	125 7D }
78 4E N	94 5E ^	110 6E n	126 7E ~
79 4F O	95 5F _	111 6F o	127 7F □

Use this to compare hex values to symbol (ASCII) values.



Star Micronics is a global leader in the manufacturing of small printers. We apply over 50 years of knowhow and innovation to provide elite printing solutions that are rich in stellar reliability and industry-respected features. Offering a diverse line of Thermal, Hybrid, Mobile, Kiosk and Impact Dot Matrix printers, we are obsessed with exceeding the demands of our valued customers every day.

We have a long history of implementations into Retail, Point of Sale, Hospitality, Restaurants and Kitchens, Kiosks and Digital Signage, Gaming and Lottery, ATMs, Ticketing, Labeling, Salons and Spas, Banking and Credit Unions, Medical, Law Enforcement, Payment Processing, and more!

High Quality POS Receipts, Interactive Coupons with Triggers, Logo Printing for Branding, Advanced Drivers for Windows, Mac and Linux, Complete SDK Packages, Android, iOS, Blackberry Printing Support, OPOS, JavaPOS, POS for .NET, Eco-Friendly Paper and Power Savings with Reporting Utility, ENERGY STAR, MSR Reading, *future*PRNT, StarPRNT... How can Star help you fulfill the needs of your application?

Don't just settle on hardware that won't work as hard as you do. Demand everything from your printer. Demand a Star!

Version	Release Date
1.0.0	July 2011
1.1.0	Oct. 2011
1.2.0	Jan. 2012
2.0.0	Mar. 2014
2.1.0	July 2014
2.2.0	Jan. 2016

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